

Financial Statements

MSC Canada

June 30, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Members of MSC Canada

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MSC Canada, which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2023, and the statements of revenue and expenditures, changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of MSC Canada as at June 30, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of MSC Canada in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing MSC Canada's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to a going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate MSC Canada or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing MSC Canada's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of MSC Canada's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on MSC Canada's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause MSC Canada to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Markham, Canada November 18, 2023 Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

Statement of Financial Position

Year ended June 30

			2023		2022						
	Operations Fund		,		Total	Operations Fund	General Fund	Ministry Funds	Trust Funds	Total	
Assets Current Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 256,628	\$ 490,687	\$ -	\$ 93,542	\$ 840,857	\$ 303,992	\$ 481,845	\$ -	\$ 428,054	\$ 1,213,891	
Short-term investments (Note 3) Accounts receivable and	-	4,808,907		2,021,100	6,833,316	-	4,422,551	-	1,837,266	6,259,817	
accrued interest Prepaid expenses Due from (to) other funds	48,702 30,636		-	37,180	147,873 30,636	42,835 7,541	(2,957,215)	2,957,215	-	42,835 7,541	
Loan receivable (Note 4)				47,974	47,974		4.047.404	0.057.045	57,523	57,523	
Long-term Long-term investments (Note 5)	335,966			2,203,105 943,883		354,368	1,947,181	2,957,215	2,322,843	7,581,607 1,350,222	
Property and equipment (Note 6)	783,848				783,848	728,160				728,160	
	\$ 1,119,814	\$ 3,279,634	\$ 3,537,932	\$ 3,146,988	\$ 11,084,368	\$ 1,082,528	\$ 2,747,181	\$ 2,957,215	\$ 2,873,065	\$ 9,659,989	
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 42,481	\$.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,481	\$ 77,730	\$ -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 77,730	
Fund balances Unrestricted		3,279,634			3,279,634		2,747,181	-	-	2,747,181	
Invested in property and equipment Internally restricted Externally restricted	783,848 293,485		1,655,853 1,882,079		783,848 2,106,605 4,871,800	276,638		910,181 	208,035 2,665,030	728,160 1,394,854 4,712,064	
	1,077,333	3,279,634				1,004,798		2,957,215	2,873,065	9,582,259	
	\$ 1,119,814	\$ 3,279,634	\$ 3,537,932	\$ 3,146,988	\$ 11,084,368	\$ 1,082,528	\$ 2,747,181	\$ 2,957,215	\$ 2,873,065	\$ 9,659,989	

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Director

MSC Canada Statement of Revenue and Expenditures
Year ended June 30

_				2023									2022				
	Operations Fund		General Fund	Ministry Funds		Trust Funds	Total		Operations Fund		General Fund		Ministry Funds		Trust Funds		Total
Revenue									-								
Donations (Note 4) \$,	\$	502,540	\$ 15,210,620	\$	266,549	\$ 16,795,559	\$	727,538	\$	631,371	\$	15,773,941	\$	352,193	\$	17,485,043
Legacies	6,000		8,725,935	8,000		247,407	8,987,342		-		1,567,769		145,711		77,865		1,791,345
Investment income (Note 7)	25,183		357,392			120,475	503,050	_	29,506		162,739	_	<u>:</u>	_	94,145	_	286,390
-	847,033		9,585,867	<u>15,218,620</u>		634,431	26,285,951	_	757,044		2,361,879	_	<u>15,919,652</u>	_	524,203	_	19,562,778
Expenditures																	
Support of mission																	
personnel worldwide	82,684		419,500	11,620,488		223,075	12,345,747		50,352		-		10,872,675		164,718		11,087,745
Missions supplies and																	
services (Note 4)	198,834		6,535,000	4,176,159		44,496	10,954,489		85,927		1,103,967		4,397,074		60,000		5,646,968
Staff salaries and benefits	823,813		-	-		-	823,813		657,067		-		-		-		657,067
Travel	219,938		-	11,945		-	231,883		110,044		-		6,248		-		116,292
Office and miscellaneous	120,411		-	18,972		-	139,383		104,852		-		44,308		•		149,160
Shipping and postage	119,363		-	90		-	119,453		120,855		-		-		-		120,855
Facility	78,823		-	-		-	78,823		71,359		-		-		-		71,359
Web and software	45,525		-	-		-	45,525		38,441		-		-		-		38,441
Professional fees	37,546		-	-		-	37,546		23,704		-		-		-		23,704
Bank charges and credit																	
card fees	17,335				_		17,335	_	27,233	_		_		_	<u> </u>	_	27,233
-	1,744,272	_	6,954,500	15,827,654	_	267,571	24,793,997	_	1,289,834	_	1,103,967	_	15,320,305	_	224,718	_	17,938,824
Excess (deficiency) of revenue																	
over expenditures before																	
amortization	(897,239)	1	2,631,367	(609,034)		366,860	1,491,954		(532,790)		1,257,912		599,347		299,485		1,623,954
Amortization _	(32,326)		-				(32,326)	_	(34,006)	_		_		_		_	(34,006)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue																	
over expenditures	(929,565)	\$	2,631,367	\$ (609,034)	\$_	366,860	\$ 1,459,628	\$	(566,796)	\$	1,257,912	\$	599,347	\$	299,485	\$	1,589,948
over expenditures	(929,565)	3	2,631,367	\$ (609,034)	\$_	366,860	\$ 1,459,628	\$	(566,796)	\$	1,257,912	\$	599,347	<u>\$</u>	299,485	<u>5</u>	1,589,

MSC Canada Statement of Changes in Fund Balances Year ended June 30

		Operations Fund		General Fund		Ministry Funds		Trust Funds		2023 Total		2022 Total
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$	1,004,798	\$	2,747,181	\$	2,957,215	\$	2,873,065	\$	9,582,259	\$	7,992,311
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		(929,565)		2,631,367		(609,034)		366,860		1,459,628		1,589,948
Interfund transfers from General Fund (Note 8)		985,505		(2,160,716)		1,175,211		-		-		-
Interfund transfers from Trust Funds (Note 8)	_	16,595	_	61,802	_	14,540	_	(92,937)		<u> </u>	_	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,077,333	\$_	3,279,634	\$	3,537,932	\$_	3,146,988	<u>\$</u> _	11,041,887	\$_	9,582,259
Fund balances Unrestricted Invested in property and equipment Internally restricted Externally restricted	\$	783,848 293,485	\$	3,279,634 - - - -	\$	- - 1,655,853 1,882,079	\$	- 157,267 2,989,721	\$	3,279,634 783,848 2,106,605 4,871,800	\$	2,747,181 728,160 1,394,854 4,712,064
	\$_	1,077,333	\$_	3,279,634	\$_	3,537,932	\$_	3,146,988	\$_	11,041,887	\$_	9,582,259

MSC Canada		
Statement of Cash Flows Year ended June 30	2023	2022
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		
Operating Excess of revenue over expenditures Items not affecting cash	\$ 1,459,628	\$ 1,589,948
Amortization of property and equipment Receipt of donated investments	32,326 (594,095)	34,006 (417,622)
Net realized losses (gains) on investments Foreign exchange gains Net unrealized losses on investments	80,079 (45,817) 39,620	(102,628) (45,941) 160,878
	971,741	1,218,641
Change in non-cash working capital items Accounts receivable and accrued interest Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(105,038) (23,095) <u>(35,249</u>)	(17,085) 11,748 <u>9,440</u>
	(163,382)	4,103
	808,359	1,222,744
Investing Repayment of loan receivable Purchase of investments Proceeds on sale of investments Purchase of property and equipment	9,549 (8,102,239) 6,999,311 (88,014) (1,181,393)	11,273 (2,907,808) 1,534,365 (40,000) (1,402,170)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(373,034)	(179,426)
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year	1,213,891	1,393,317
End of year	<u>\$ 840,857</u>	\$ 1,213,891
Cash and cash equivalents consist of: Cash	\$ 745,664	\$ 452,648
High interest investment savings accounts	<u>95,193</u> \$ 840,857	761,243 \$ 1,213,891

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

1. Purpose of the Organization

The primary purpose of MSC Canada (the "Organization") is to aid, support, and assist Christian missionary endeavours throughout the world. The Organization is incorporated under the Ontario Corporations Act as a corporation without share capital. It is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act and is a member of the Canadian Centre for Christian Charities.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO), the more significant of which are outlined below.

Fund accounting

Separate funds are maintained to account for and to report on the separate activities or objectives as determined by funders or by resolution of the Board of Directors (the "Board"). For financial statement purposes, the funds have been grouped into the following categories:

Operations Fund

The Operations Fund accounts for the operating activities of the Organization. Contributions restricted for administration are included in this fund. The fund balance is to be used at the discretion of the Board. This fund also accounts for investments in property and equipment and any related debt obligations used for operations.

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for unrestricted donations and legacies that are to be used for the mission of the Organization at the discretion of the Board.

Ministry Funds

The Ministry Funds account for the Organization's program delivery activities. These activities include workers and projects inside and outside Canada, missions and practical work teams, container shipping ministry, relief and development, retired missionaries and missionary education assistance. Donations are typically designated by the donor for one or more of these activities and expenditures are made for these special purposes. General funds allocated for special purposes are transferred and accounted for as Internally Restricted Ministry Funds. Once this is done, by policy, these funds may not be transferred back to the General Fund. Transfers are made between the Ministry Funds when the nature of the designation is consistent with different projects in the funds.

Trust Funds

The Trust Funds accounts for donations restricted by the donor as to the period in which the funds are to be spent and/or the purpose for which they are to be used. The Trust Funds also includes internally restricted funds transferred at the discretion of the Board and used for strategic mission investments and are subject to the period in which the funds are to be realized.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Use of estimates

Management reviews the carrying amounts of items in the financial statements at each statement of financial position date to assess the need for revision or any possibility of impairment. Certain items in the preparation of these financial statements require management's best estimate. Management determines these estimates based on assumptions that reflect the most probable set of economic conditions and planned courses of action.

These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures as appropriate in the fiscal year they become known.

Investments

Investments held by the Organization are managed as individual portfolios within the separate funds. Earnings on investments include interest, dividends, and realized and unrealized gains and losses. Investments are segregated between General and Trust funds.

Property and equipment

Purchased property and equipment are recorded at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life as follows:

Office and warehouse condominium	50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Computer software	5 years

Property and equipment are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset might be impaired. The assets are tested for impairment by comparing the net carrying value to their fair value or replacement cost. If the asset's fair value or replacement cost is determined to be less than its net carrying value, the resulting impairment is reported in the statement of revenue and expenditures. Any impairment recognized is not reversed.

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions. Restricted donations and legacies are recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund in the fiscal year in which they are received or receivable, if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Unrestricted donations are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the fiscal year in which they are received or receivable. Investment income is recognized as it is earned.

Contributed materials and services

Donated materials are recorded at fair value when this information is readily available, otherwise they are not recorded. Donated services are not recorded in the financial statements because of the difficulty of determining their value.

Contributed property and equipment are recognized at a nominal value when fair value at the date of contribution cannot be practicably determined. Gains or losses on the sale of contributed property and equipment are recorded in the fiscal year of the sale.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

The Organization considers any contract creating a financial asset, liability or equity instrument as a financial instrument. The Organization's financial instruments are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, loan receivable, long-term investments and accounts payable.

Financial assets and liabilities obtained in arm's length transactions are initially recorded at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost except for investments quoted in the active market which are recorded at fair value. Financial assets and liabilities in related party transactions are initially and subsequently measured at cost. For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Organization regularly assesses whether there are any indications of impairment. Any impairment loss is recognized in the statement of revenue and expenditures.

3.	Short-term investments				
_			2023	_	2022
••••	eral Fund	æ	1 490 402	æ	1 416 516
	Mortgage investment pool funds Guaranteed investment certificates maturing between July 2023 and April 2024 (2022 – January and April 2023) at annual rates between 2.81% to 5.05%	Þ	1,480,403	Þ	1,416,516
	(2022 – 1.47% to 2.71%)		1,450,000		400,000
	Various dividend paying common and preferred shares		1,020,939		1,250,550
	Closed-end real estate investment funds		351,851		384,631
	Gold and gold linked shares		233,880		450,897
	Mutual funds		171,834		269,617
	Link Charity Canada Charitable Loan Agreement bearing interest at 6.00%, maturing June 2024 Libro Credit Union guaranteed investment certificates maturing		100,000		-
	August 2022 at an annual rate of 1.05%	_		_	250,340
T	. Formula	_	4,808,907		4,422,551
	Funds Guaranteed investment certificates maturing between August 2023 and May 2024 (2022 - December 2022 to February 2023) at annual rates between				
	3.50% and 5.10% (2022 1.46% to 1.51%)		692,968		300,000
	Mortgage investment pool funds		614,784		568,579
	Stewards Canada bonds, redeemable on demand, 3.25% Link Charity Canada Charitable Loan Agreement bearing		384,581		968,687
	interest at 3.50%, maturing June 2024		280,897		_
	Mutual funds		51,179		_
	inidadi idilas	_	51,179	_	
		_	2,024,409	_	1,837,266
		\$	6,833,316	\$	6,259,817

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

4. Related party transactions

Royal York Christian Foundation

The Royal York Christian Foundation (the "Foundation") was established to support missions in Canada. The Foundation was incorporated in 2004 and continued on May 28, 2014 under the Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act. The Foundation is a registered Canadian charitable organization and is exempt from tax under the Income Tax Act (Canada). The Organization is related by virtue of the fact that two seats on the board of the Foundation (a minority) are occupied by individuals who are either directors or senior management of the Organization.

During the year, the Organization donated \$6,535,000 (2022 - \$1,103,967) to the Foundation, included in missions supplies and services in the General Fund in the statement of revenue and expenditures. During the year, the Foundation donated \$335,000 (2022 - \$355,098) to the Organization included in donations in the General Fund in the statement of revenue and expenditures.

Other

During a prior fiscal year, the Organization signed a loan agreement with Christian Centre BEREA in Slovakia, a related party due to a common Board member, with an outstanding balance at June 30, 2023 of 33,200 EUR (2022 – 42,800 EUR). The Canadian dollar equivalent value at June 30, 2023 is \$47,974 (2022 – \$57,523). The loan is interest-free, unsecured and due on demand. The loan is anticipated to be paid back at a rate of 4,000 EUR per annum. As a result of changes in Board composition, as of year end, Christian Center BEREA is no longer a related party.

5. Long-term investments		2023		2022
General Fund	_			
Link Charity Canada Charitable interest at 4.00%, maturin Bond maturing June 2032 at a Cash surrender value of life ins Guaranteed investment certific	g June 2027 \$ n annual rate of 5.09% surance policies	1,036,092 234,460 185,429	\$	500,000
at an annual rate of 2.81%	- .	-		200,000
Link Charity Canada Charitable interest at 6.00%, maturin		<u> </u>		100,000
Trust Funds	-	1,455,981		800,000
Guaranteed investment certific	ates maturing January 2025			
	ual rates between 4.35% to 4.78%	600,000		-
Libro Credit Union investment	shares	132,781		126,278
Various other strategic investm		108,818		108,818
Bonds maturing August 2026 a rates between 2.36% and Link Charity Canada Charitable	3.44%	102,284		-
interest at 3.50%, maturin		-		271,223
Cash surrender value of life ins	surance policies	<u> </u>		43,903
	_	943,883		550,222
	<u>\$</u>	2,399,864	\$ 1	,350,222

MSC Canada Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

6.	Pro	nertv	and	eaui	pment
υ.			4114	~qui	D1110111

or troporty and equipment						
		Cost	 cumulated nortization	_	2023 Net Book Value	2022 Net Book Value
Office and warehouse condominium Furniture and equipment Computer equipment Computer software	\$	946,902 41,767 34,139 250,874	\$ 273,168 41,767 27,422 147,477	\$	673,734 6,717 103,397	\$ 669,734 1,126 1,702 55,598
	\$	1,273,682	\$ 489,834	\$	783,848	\$ 728,160
7. Investment income	Have	·				
Investment income consists of the fo	iiow	ing.			2023	 2022
Interest and dividends Net realized (loss) gain on sale of inv Foreign exchange gain Net unrealized loss on investments	estr/	ments		\$	576,932 (80,079) 45,817 (39,620)	\$ 298,699 102,628 45,941 (160,878)
				\$	503,050	\$ 286,390

8. Interfund transfers

The \$2,160,716 (2022 - \$405,000) transferred from the General Fund to the Operations Fund, the Ministry Funds and the Trust Funds were authorized by the Board for the following purposes:

- · to cover administration costs
- to cover the increase in need for relief and development assistance
- · to support retired missionaries and missionary education

Funds transferred to the Ministry Funds were used in the year transferred.

Certain trust funds that are restricted based on time have now become available for disbursement in the amount of \$92,937 (2022 - \$38,806), and therefore were transferred as funds to be disbursed in future periods in accordance with the terms of the trust fund.

9. Foreign operations, assets and measurement uncertainty

The Organization has consistently followed the policy of expensing all costs for overseas operations, including property and equipment, through distribution to ministry expenditures, unless these amounts represent advances which are to be repaid to the Organization. This policy is based upon the practice that such assets, while generally redeployable under the direction of the Organization, are not always accessible for redeployment due to foreign property regulations, and international fund transfer and foreign currency exchange limitations. Accordingly, these assets are not included in the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

10. Financial instruments

Transactions in financial instruments may result in an entity assuming or transferring to another party one or more of the financial risks described below. The required disclosures provide information that assists users of financial statements in assessing the extent of risk related to financial instruments. There are no changes in risks from the prior year.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to meet its funding obligation. This risk is mitigated by the Organization through ensuring revenue is derived from qualified sources. The allowance for doubtful accounts in relation to accounts receivable is \$Nil (2022 - \$Nil).

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Organization is therefore exposed to liquidity risk with respect to its accounts payable. The Organization reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments are due and maintains adequate cash reserves to pay vendors. Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances owing of \$Nil (2022 - \$Nil).

Interest rate price risk

Interest rate price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is exposed to interest rate price risk with respect to investments with fixed interest rates.

Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Organization is exposed to market price risk on its investments in equities quoted in an active market since changes in market prices would result in changes in the fair value of these financial instruments.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk arising from the change in price of one currency against another. The Organization is exposed to currency risk with respect to a portion of its cash balances held in US dollars in the amount of \$288,645 (2022 – \$281,483), GBP of \$98,546 (2022 – \$1,292), and Euros of \$10,519 (2022 - \$7,240), investments held in US dollars in the amount of \$1,196,861 (2022 – \$1,110,962), loan receivable denominated in Euros of \$47,974 (2022 - \$57,523), and forward exchange contracts for US dollars held of \$Nil (2022 - \$187,900) and GBP dollars held of \$2,008 (2022 - \$Nil) (Note 11).

MSC Canada Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

11. Forward foreign exchange contracts

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Organization entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to mitigate the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. One contract totalling GBP 1,194 (2022 – two contracts of US\$150,000) at 1.6817 (2022 – 1.2886) were outstanding at the end of the year end. The fair value of the contracts is not significantly different from the base amount.